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### Lampiran 1. STROBE (Strengthening the Reporting of Observational Studies in Epidemiology)

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	Item No	Recommendation	
Title and abstract	1	(a) Indicate the study's design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract	
		(b) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done	
		and what was found	
Introduction			
Background/rationale	2	Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported	
Objectives	3	State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses	
Methods			
Study design	4	Present key elements of study design early in the paper	
Setting	5	Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment	
-		exposure, follow-up, and data collection	
Participants	6	(a) Co hort study—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods	
		of selection of participants. Describe methods of follow-up	
		Case -c o ntro l study -Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of	
		case ascertainment and control selection. Give the rationale for the choice of cases	
		and controls	
		Cro ss-se c tio nal study —Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of	
		selection of participants	
		(b) Co hort study—For matched studies, give matching criteria and number	
		of exposed and unexposed	
		<i>Case - c o ntro l study</i> —For matched studies, give matching criteria and the number of	
		controls per case	
Variables	7	Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and	
, and to be	,	effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable	
Data sources/	8*	For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of	
measurement	0.	assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there	
measurement		is more than one group	
		is more than one group	

Results		
Participants	13*	(a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed
		(b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage
		(c) Consider use of a flow diagram
Descripti ve data	14*	(a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders
		(b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest
		(c) Co ho rt study-Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount)
Outcome data	15*	Co ho rt study-Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time
		Case -c o ntro l study—Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure
		Cro ss-se c tio nal study-Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures
Main results	16	(a) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included
		(b) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized
		(c) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period

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Bias	9	Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias
Study size	10	Explain how the study size was arrived at
Quantitative variables	11	Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable,
		describe which groupings were chosen and why
		Statistical methods 12 (a) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding
		(b) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions (c) Explain how missing data were addressed
		(d) Co ho rt study-If applicable, explain how loss to follow-up was addressed Case - c ontrol study-If applicable, explain how matching of cases and controls was addressed
		Cross-sec tio nal study —If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy
		(e) Describe any sensitivity analyses
	Study size	Study size 10

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Other analyses	17	Report other analyses done—eg analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses	
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Discussion		Universitas	
Key results	18	Summarise key results with reference to study objectives	
Limitations	19	Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision.	
		Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias	
Interpretation	20	Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of ana	alyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence
Generalisability	2.1	Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results	

Funding 22 Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article

